

MC833A - Programação de Redes de Computadores

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Agenda

- Ferramentas de Redes
- Wireshark (sniffers)
- TCPDump (sniffers)

- Exercício 1 – Ferramentas e Sniffers

Ferramentas Redes

- Configuração e informação de interfaces.
- Resolução de nomes para endereço IP (DNS)
- Realizando uma conexão
- Resolução de endereço IP para MAC (ARP)
- Performance e Estatística

ifconfig

Função:

Configurar e obter informações sobre as interfaces de redes (link e camada de rede)

- Alteração do endereço IP, máscara de rede, MTU, MAC address, etc...
- Informações sobre as estatísticas da interface: envio e recebimento de bytes/pacotes, erros, colisões, etc...

Exemplo da saída do Ifconfig

```
Mate Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[root@mc833 ~]# ifconfig
enol: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 143.106.16.156 netmask 255.255.255.192 broadcast 143.106.16.191
    inet6 fe80::fab1:56ff:fe5b:5b74 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    inet6 2801:8a:40c0:16c::156 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
    ether f8:b1:56:fc:5b:74 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 8143847 bytes 10514156852 (9.7 GiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 4631367 bytes 3889808623 (3.6 GiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
    device interrupt 20 memory 0xf7c00000-f7c20000

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 23719 bytes 4720083 (4.5 MiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 23719 bytes 4720083 (4.5 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

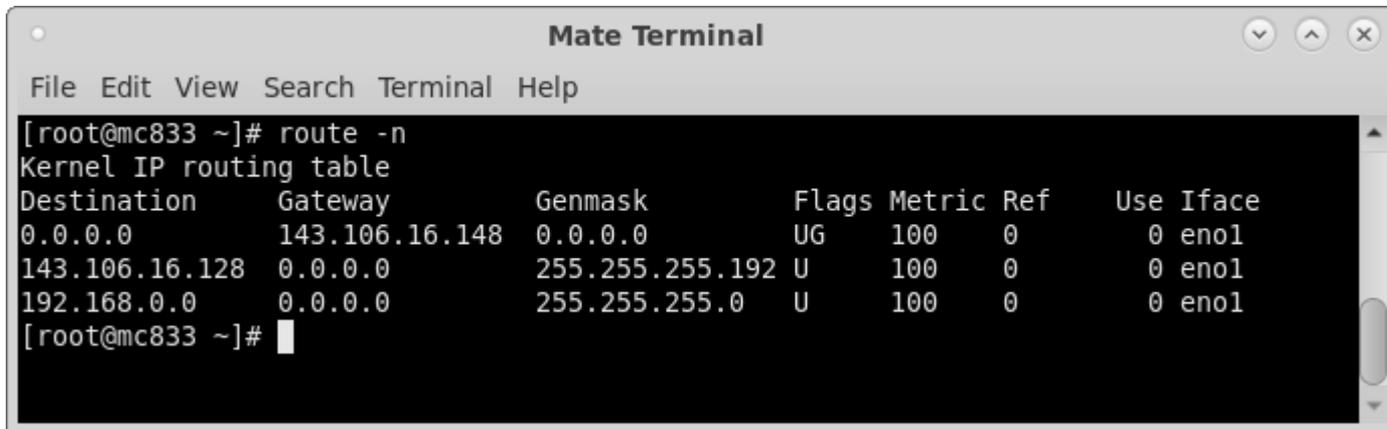
route

Função:

Configurar e obter informações sobre as tabelas de roteamento IP

- Alteração da tabela de roteamento (IP address e interfaces)
- Geralmente utilizado para alteração do default gateway

Exemplo da saída do route



```
[root@mc833 ~]# route -n
Kernel IP routing table
Destination      Gateway         Genmask        Flags Metric Ref    Use Iface
0.0.0.0          143.106.16.148 0.0.0.0        UG    100    0      0 eno1
143.106.16.128  0.0.0.0        255.255.255.192 U    100    0      0 eno1
192.168.0.0     0.0.0.0        255.255.255.0  U    100    0      0 eno1
[root@mc833 ~]#
```

netstat

Função:

Obter informações sobre as conexões TCP e UDP, tabela de roteamento e estatísticas dos protocolos de rede.

- Geralmente utilizado para mostrar informações sobre as conexões ativas da máquina.
- Protocolo de transporte, IP de origem:Porta e IP de destino:Porta para cada conexão ativa.

```
$ netstat -antp ; netstat -anup
```

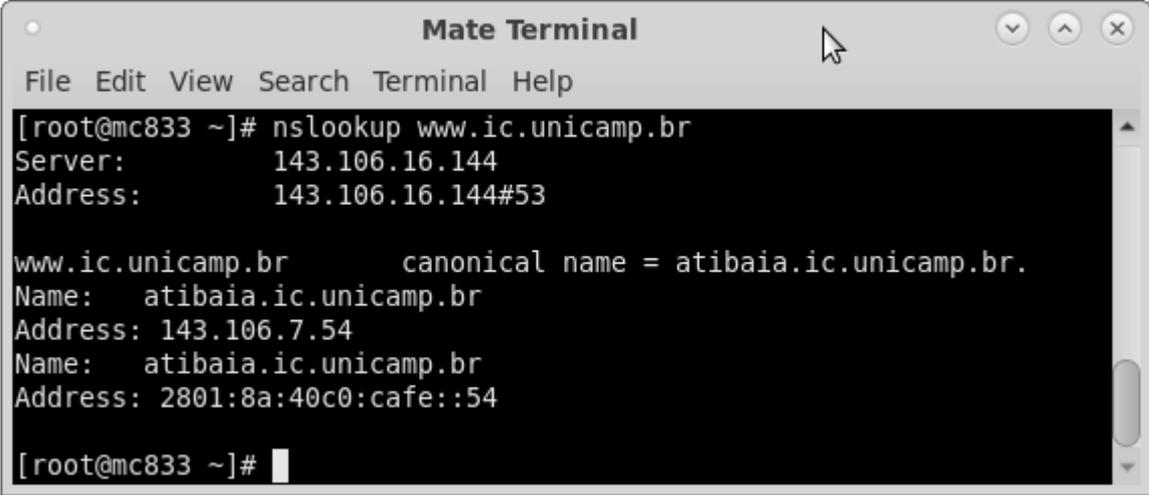
netstat

```
Mate Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[root@mc833 ~]# netstat -antp
Active Internet connections (servers and established)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State       PID/Program name
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:8456            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      961/sshd
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:37261          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      1351/rpc.statd
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:1102           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      961/sshd
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:111            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      1/systemd
tcp        0      0 192.168.122.1:53       0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      1461/dnsmasq
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:631          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      955/cupsd
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:5432         0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      1030/postgres
tcp        0      0 143.106.16.156:845     143.106.16.135:2049    ESTABLISHED -
tcp        0      0 143.106.16.156:34840   157.240.222.60:443     ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
tcp        0      0 143.106.16.156:56184   143.106.7.14:636      ESTABLISHED 943/sssdb
tcp        0      0 143.106.16.156:33792   143.106.16.161:636    ESTABLISHED 942/sssdb
tcp6       0      0 :::8456                :::*                   LISTEN      961/sshd
tcp6       0      0 :::1102                 :::*                   LISTEN      961/sshd
tcp6       0      0 :::45903                :::*                   LISTEN      1351/rpc.statd
tcp6       0      0 :::111                  :::*                   LISTEN      1/systemd
tcp6       0      0 :::80                   :::*                   LISTEN      959/httpd
tcp6       0      0 :::1:631                :::*                   LISTEN      955/cupsd
tcp6       0      0 :::1:5432                :::*                   LISTEN      1030/postgres
tcp6       0      0 2801:8a:40c0:16c::51758 2800:3f0:4003:c01::443 ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
tcp6       0      0 2801:8a:40c0:16c::57932 2800:3f0:4003:c02::5228 ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
tcp6       0      0 2801:8a:40c0:16c::49296 2800:3f0:4003:c02::443 ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
tcp6       0      0 2801:8a:40c0:16c::39850 2800:3f0:4001:801::443 ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
tcp6       0      0 2801:8a:40c0:16c::37152 2800:3f0:4001:81c::443 ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
tcp6       0      0 2801:8a:40c0:16c::43034 2800:3f0:4001:809::443 ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
tcp6       0      0 2801:8a:40c0:16c::50166 2800:3f0:4001:805::443 ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
tcp6       0      0 2801:8a:40c0:16c::41062 2800:3f0:4001:80f::443 ESTABLISHED 13888/chrome --type
[root@mc833 ~]#
```

nslookup

Função:

Resolver o endereço IP de cada host via protocolo DNS. Também é possível realizar a resolução inversa IP para host.



```
Mate Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[root@mc833 ~]# nslookup www.ic.unicamp.br
Server:         143.106.16.144
Address:        143.106.16.144#53

www.ic.unicamp.br    canonical name = atibaia.ic.unicamp.br.
Name:   atibaia.ic.unicamp.br
Address: 143.106.7.54
Name:   atibaia.ic.unicamp.br
Address: 2801:8a:40c0:cafe::54

[root@mc833 ~]#
```

telnet

Função:

Utilizado para realizar testes para descobrir bloqueios na rede e comunicação de portas.

- Em sua utilização é necessário conhecer alguns comandos específicos da camada de aplicação (comandos HTTP, comandos SMTP, IMAP, etc...)

Exemplo de uma conexão telnet

```
pillars:~# telnet www.unicamp.br 80
Trying 143.106.10.30...
Connected to lvs0.unicamp.br.
Escape character is '^]'.
HEAD / 1.1

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Wed, 09 May 2007 13:49:43 GMT
Server: Apache/2.0.59 (Unix) mod_ssl/2.0.59 OpenSSL/0.9.8d PHP/5.2.1
Last-Modified: Wed, 09 May 2007 13:45:03 GMT
ETag: "2a847b-7c2c-bdbd95c0"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 31788
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html

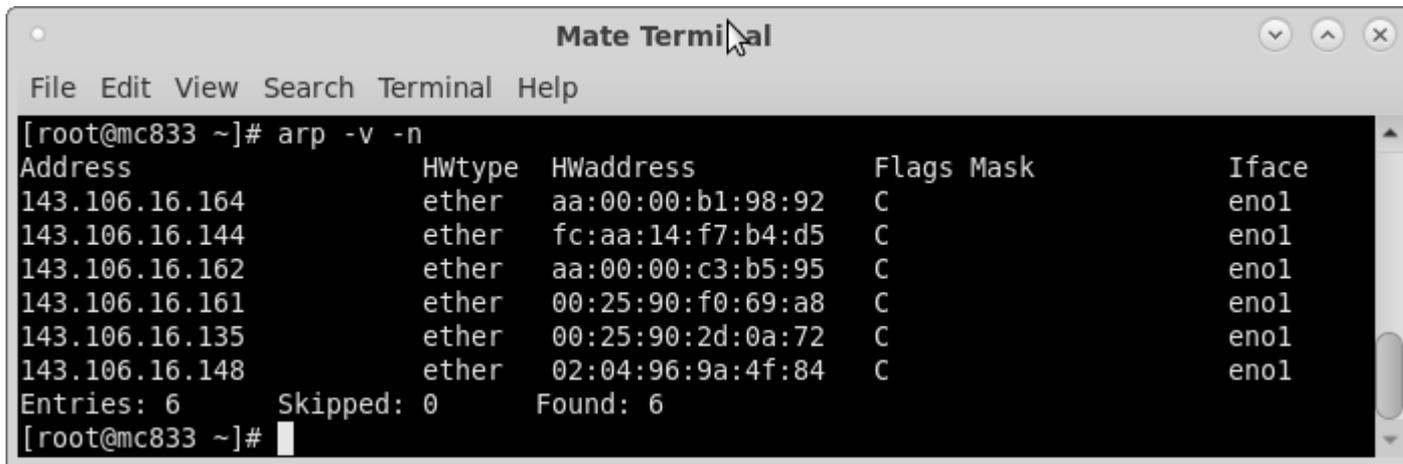
Connection closed by foreign host.
```

arp

Função:

Usado para resolução de endereços IP para a camada de enlace.

- Geralmente utilizado pra mostrar a tabela ARP



```
[root@mc833 ~]# arp -v -n
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags Mask    Iface
143.106.16.164   ether   aa:00:00:b1:98:92  C             enol
143.106.16.144   ether   fc:aa:14:f7:b4:d5  C             enol
143.106.16.162   ether   aa:00:00:c3:b5:95  C             enol
143.106.16.161   ether   00:25:90:f0:69:a8  C             enol
143.106.16.135   ether   00:25:90:2d:0a:72  C             enol
143.106.16.148   ether   02:04:96:9a:4f:84  C             enol
Entries: 6      Skipped: 0      Found: 6
[root@mc833 ~]#
```

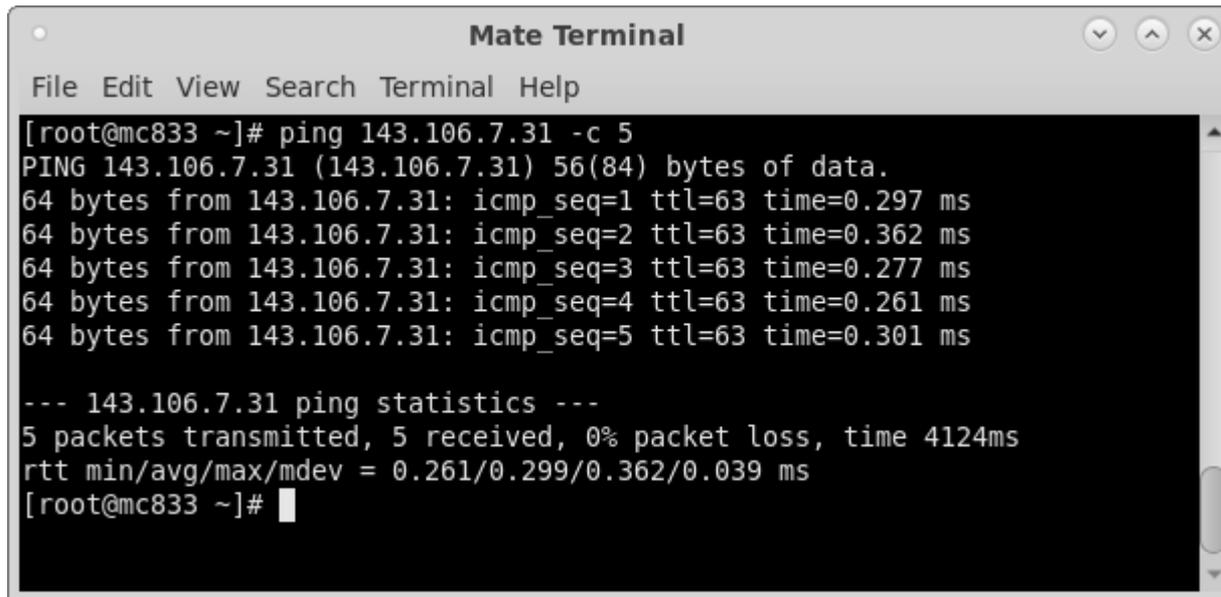
ping

Função:

Utilizado para testar conectividade entre dois hosts e medir o RTT de envio dos pacotes.

- Bastante utilizado para testar se um host esta “vivo” na rede.
- Envia datagramas ICMP com mensagens de ECHO_REQUEST e recebe como resposta um datagrama ICMP ECHO_REPLY
- O valor do RTT é utilizado para checar a integridade da rota.

Exemplo de um ping



The image shows a terminal window titled "Mate Terminal" with a menu bar containing "File Edit View Search Terminal Help". The terminal output shows a ping command being executed from a root user on a machine named mc833. The command is "ping 143.106.7.31 -c 5". The output shows five successful ping requests, each with a response of 64 bytes from 143.106.7.31, an icmp sequence number from 1 to 5, and a TTL of 63. The response times are: 0.297 ms, 0.362 ms, 0.277 ms, 0.261 ms, and 0.301 ms. A summary line shows "5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4124ms" and "rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.261/0.299/0.362/0.039 ms". The prompt returns to the root user.

```
[root@mc833 ~]# ping 143.106.7.31 -c 5
PING 143.106.7.31 (143.106.7.31) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 143.106.7.31: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=0.297 ms
64 bytes from 143.106.7.31: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=0.362 ms
64 bytes from 143.106.7.31: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=0.277 ms
64 bytes from 143.106.7.31: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=0.261 ms
64 bytes from 143.106.7.31: icmp_seq=5 ttl=63 time=0.301 ms

--- 143.106.7.31 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4124ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.261/0.299/0.362/0.039 ms
[root@mc833 ~]#
```

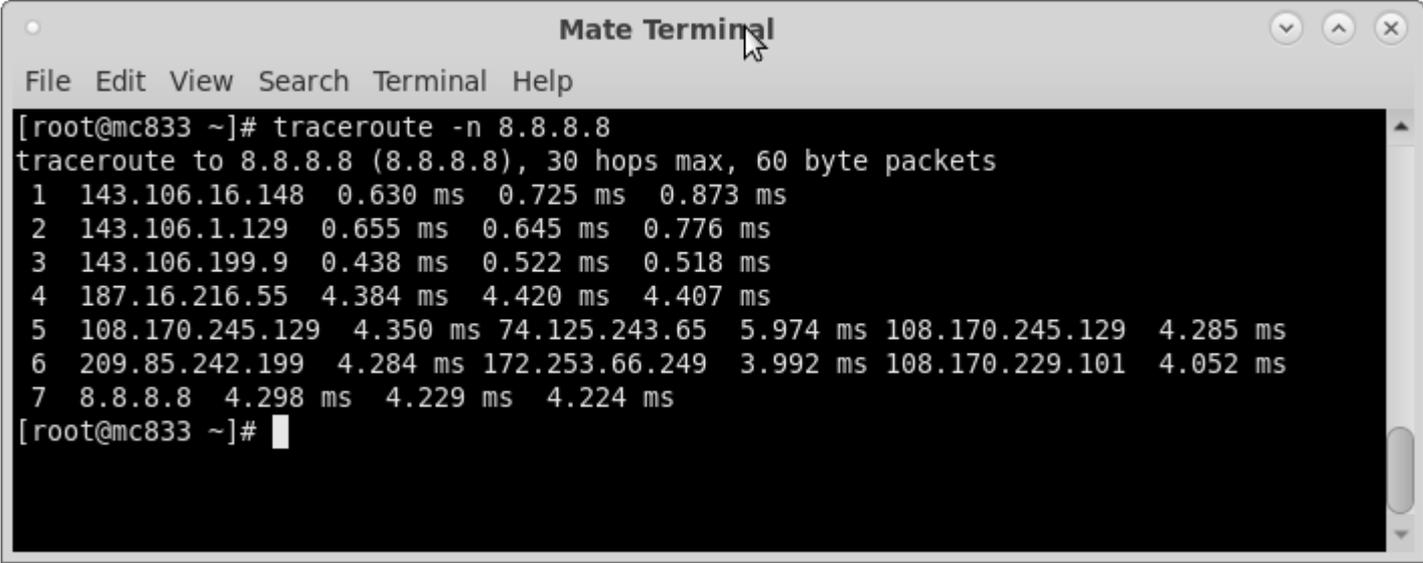
traceroute

Função:

Envia pacotes para um determinado host afim de medir o RTT de cada hop passado pelo roteador.

- Envia 3 pacotes UDP com TTL igual a 1. Após isso envia novamente 3 pacotes UDP com TTL igual a 2, e assim continua até alcançar o host de destino.
- Para evitar que pacotes fiquem infinitamente na rede, cada roteador decrementa o TTL a cada pacote que passar por ele. Quando o TTL chega a 0, o roteador destrói o pacote e envia um ICMP para o host de origem informando que o pacote excedeu o limite (TIME_EXCEEDED)

Exemplo do traceroute



The image shows a terminal window titled "Mate Terminal" with a menu bar containing "File", "Edit", "View", "Search", "Terminal", and "Help". The terminal output shows the execution of the command `traceroute -n 8.8.8.8`. The output indicates the path to 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) with a maximum of 30 hops and 60 byte packets. The path consists of 7 hops, with the final hop being the destination IP 8.8.8.8. The output shows the IP addresses of the hops and the round-trip times for three probes at each hop.

```
[root@mc833 ~]# traceroute -n 8.8.8.8
traceroute to 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
 1  143.106.16.148  0.630 ms  0.725 ms  0.873 ms
 2  143.106.1.129  0.655 ms  0.645 ms  0.776 ms
 3  143.106.199.9  0.438 ms  0.522 ms  0.518 ms
 4  187.16.216.55  4.384 ms  4.420 ms  4.407 ms
 5  108.170.245.129  4.350 ms  74.125.243.65  5.974 ms  108.170.245.129  4.285 ms
 6  209.85.242.199  4.284 ms  172.253.66.249  3.992 ms  108.170.229.101  4.052 ms
 7  8.8.8.8  4.298 ms  4.229 ms  4.224 ms
[root@mc833 ~]#
```

iPerf

iPerf é uma ferramenta para medições de largura de banda em redes IP.

Suporta o ajuste de vários parâmetros relacionados a temporização, buffers e protocolos (TCP, UDP, SCTP com IPv4 e IPv6).

```
server$ iperf -s
```

```
client$ iperf -c 143.106.16.156
```

Para cada teste, ele informa a largura de banda, a perda e outros parâmetros

netcat

O netcat é um utilitário de rede de computadores para ler e gravar em conexões de rede usando TCP ou UDP. O comando é projetado para ser um back-end confiável que pode ser usado diretamente por outros programas e scripts.

```
server$ nc -l 9000
```

```
client$ echo teste | nc 127.0.0.1 9000
```

Wireshark

- Introdução ao Wireshark
- Interfaces
- Capturando pacotes
- Analisando pacotes
- Filtrando pacotes
- Atividade

Wireshark

É o analisador mais utilizado de redes.

- Multiplataforma: Windows, Linux, OS X, Solaris, FreeBSD.
- Open source (GPL)
- Inspeção de milhares de protocolos / Captura em tempo-real e análise offline
- Dados de rede capturados podem ser navegados via interface gráfica ou por terminal através da ferramenta Tshark
- Dados em tempo real podem ser lidos da Ethernet, IEEE 802.11, PPP/HDLC, ATM,
- Bluetooth, USB, Token Ring, Frame Relay, FDDI, entre outros

Interfaces

The screenshot displays the Wireshark network protocol analyzer interface. The main window shows a list of captured packets, with the first packet selected. The interface is divided into three main sections: a packet list, a packet details pane, and a packet bytes pane. A red border highlights these three sections, with yellow callout boxes identifying each. The status bar at the bottom indicates that 9 packets are displayed (100.0%).

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000000	Xensourc_99:dc:02	b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed	ARP	42	Who has 10.20.30.1? Tell 10.20.30.20
2	0.000144154	b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed	Xensourc_99:dc:02	ARP	42	10.20.30.1 is at b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed
3	0.917490448	10.20.30.20	200.189.40.8	NTP	90	NTP Version 4, client
4	0.924462473	200.189.40.8	10.20.30.20	NTP	90	NTP Version 4, server
5	2.917413461	10.20.30.20	200.186.125.195	NTP	90	NTP Version 4, client
6	2.924251944	200.186.125.195	10.20.30.20	NTP	90	NTP Version 4, server
7	6.014048055	b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed	Xensourc_99:dc:02	ARP	42	Who has 10.20.30.20? Tell 10.20.30.1
8	6.014067020	Xensourc_99:dc:02	b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed	ARP	42	10.20.30.20 is at 00:16:3e:99:dc:02
9	6.294212181	10.20.30.1	10.20.30.255	DB-LSP_	198	Droptbox LAN sync Discovery Protocol

Lista de Pacotes

▶ Frame 1: 42 bytes on wire (336 bits), 42 bytes captured (336 bits) on interface 0
▶ Ethernet II, Src: Xensourc_99:dc:02 (00:16:3e:99:dc:02), Dat: b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed (b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed)
▶ Address Resolution Protocol (request)

Detalhe do pacote

```
0000  b2 d2 81 14 6f ed 00 16 3e 99 dc 02 08 06 00 01  ....0... >.....
0010  08 00 06 04 00 01 00 16 3e 99 dc 02 0a 14 1e 14  .....>.....
0020  00 00 00 00 00 00 0a 14 1e 01  ....>.....
```

Bytes do Pacote

wireshark_ens3_20170826154758_sluoTd Packets: 9 · Displayed: 9 (100.0%) Profile: Default
*ens3 Shutdown

Capturando pacotes (tela inicial)

The screenshot displays the Wireshark Network Analyzer interface. The title bar reads "The Wireshark Network Analyzer". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "View", "Go", "Capture", "Analyze", "Statistics", "Telephony", "Wireless", "Tools", and "Help". The toolbar contains various icons for file operations, capture, and analysis. A display filter bar at the top shows "Apply a display filter ... <Ctrl-/>" and "Expression...".

The main content area features a "Welcome to Wireshark" message and a "Capture" section. Below the "Capture" heading, there is a text input field labeled "...using this filter: | Enter a capture filter ...". A list of capture interfaces is shown, with a red box highlighting the first five items:

- ens3
- any
- Loopback: lo
- niflog
- nfqueue

Below this list, there are three radio button options:

- Cisco remote capture: cisco
- Random packet generator: randpkt
- SSH remote capture: ssh

At the bottom of the window, the status bar shows "Ready to load or capture", "No Packets", and "Profile: Default". The system tray at the very bottom includes icons for network, volume, and power, along with the time "17:41".

Capturando pacotes (trocando interfaces)

Wireshark · Capture Interfaces

Input Output Options

Interface	Traffic	Link-layer Header	Promisc	Snaplen	Buffer (M	Monitor	Capture Filter
ens3	_____	Ethernet	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	default	2	—	
any	_____	Linux cooked	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	default	2	—	
Loopback: lo	_____	Ethernet	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	default	2	—	
nflog	_____	Linux netfilter log messages	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	default	2	—	
nfqueue	_____	Raw IPv4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	default	2	—	
Cisco remote capture: cisco	_____	Remote capture dependent DLT	—	—	—	—	
Random packet generator: randpkt	_____	Generator dependent DLT	—	—	—	—	
SSH remote capture: ssh	_____	Remote capture dependent DLT	—	—	—	—	

Enable promiscuous mode on all interfaces

Capture filter for selected interfaces:

Start Close Help

Capture > Options

wireshark_ens3_20170826154758_sluoTd Packets: 9 · Displayed: 9 (100.0%) Profile: Default 15:53

Analizando pacotes

The image shows a screenshot of a Linux desktop environment with a QEMU virtual machine running. The main window is Wireshark, which is capturing traffic on the interface 'ens3'. The selected packet is packet 198, which is an Ethernet frame. The frame details are expanded to show the IP and TCP layers. The IP layer shows a source of 216.58.202.195 and a destination of 10.20.30.20. The TCP layer shows a source port of 443 and a destination port of 56606, with the flag 'FIN, ACK' set. The packet bytes are displayed in hexadecimal and ASCII at the bottom of the window.

Exemplo de frame ethernet

```
Frame 198: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
  Interface id: 0 (ens3)
  Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
  Arrival Time: Aug 26, 2017 16:05:57.424485084 BRT
  [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
  Epoch Time: 1503774357.424485084 seconds
  [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000001884 seconds]
  [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000001884 seconds]
  [Time since reference or first frame: 6.149583941 seconds]
  Frame Number: 198
  Frame Length: 66 bytes (528 bits)
  Capture Length: 66 bytes (528 bits)
  [Frame is marked: False]
  [Frame is ignored: False]
  [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:tcp]
  [Coloring Rule Name: Bad TCP]
  [Coloring Rule String: tcp.analysis.flags && !tcp.analysis.window_update]
  Ethernet II, Src: b2:02:18:11:14:6f:ed (b2:02:18:11:14:6f:ed), Dst: Xensourc_99:dc:02 (00:16:3e:99:dc:02)
    Destination: Xensourc_99:dc:02 (00:16:3e:99:dc:02)
    Source: b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed (b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed)
    Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 216.58.202.195, Dst: 10.20.30.20
    0100 .... = Version: 4
    .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
    Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
    Total Length: 52
    Identification: 0x1e2d (7725)
    Flags: 0x00
    Fragment offset: 0
    Time to live: 53
    Protocol: TCP (6)
    Header checksum: 0x9c71 [validation disabled]
    [Header checksum status: Unverified]
    Source: 216.58.202.195
    Destination: 10.20.30.20
    [Source Geol: Mountain View, CA, United States, AS15169, Google Inc., 37-419201, -122-0574041]
  No.: 198 · Time: 6.149583941 · Source: 216.58.202.195 · Destination: 10.20.30.20 · Protoc...443 → 56606 [FIN, ACK] Seq=4540 Ack=513 Win=44800 Len=0 TSval=3327342841 TSecr=1699636380
```

Analizando pacotes

The screenshot displays the Wireshark interface with a packet capture in progress on the 'ens3' interface. The main pane shows the details of Packet 185, which is an IPv4 packet. A red box highlights the IP header and the first few bytes of the payload. The packet details are as follows:

- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.20.30.20, Dst: 216.58.202.195
 - 0100 = Version: 4
 - 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
 - Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
 - Total Length: 52
 - Identification: 0xd53e (54590)
 - Flags: 0x02 (Don't Fragment)
 - Fragment offset: 0
 - Time to live: 64
 - Protocol: TCP (6)
 - Header checksum: 0x9a5f [validation disabled]
 - [Header checksum status: Unverified]
 - Source: 10.20.30.20
 - Destination: 216.58.202.195
 - [Source GeoIP: Unknown]
 - [Destination GeoIP: Mountain View, CA, United States, AS15169 Google Inc., 37.419201, -122.057404]

The packet bytes pane shows the following hex and ASCII data:

```
0000 b2 d2 81 14 6f ed 00 16 3e 99 dc 02 08 00 45 00  ....o... >.....E.  
0010 00 34 d5 3e 40 00 40 06 9a 5f 0a 14 1e 14 d8 3a  .4.>e.@. _.....:  
0020 ca c3 dd 16 01 bb da f5 63 8c fb bd 71 56 80 10  .....c...qV..  
0030 01 3f cb 4e 00 00 01 01 08 0a 65 4e 64 a4 c6 53  ?.L.... ..eNd..S  
0040 36 e8 6.
```

At the bottom of the packet pane, the following information is displayed:

No.: 185 · Time: 5.716049380 · Source: 10.20.30.20 · Destination: 216.58.202.195 · Protoc...nfo: 56598 → 443 [ACK] Seq=503 Ack=4541 Win=40832 Len=0 TSval=1699636388 TSecr=3327342312

The status bar at the bottom of the application shows: ens3: <live capture in progress> Packets: 1604 · Displayed: 1604 (100.0%) Profile: Default 16:10

Analizando pacotes

Wireshark - Packet 185 · wireshark_ens3_20170826160550_Vqydg0

▶ Frame 185: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
▶ Ethernet II, Src: Xensourc_99:dc:02 (00:16:3e:99:dc:02), Dst: b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed (b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed)
▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.20.30.20, Dst: 216.58.202.195

▼ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 56598, Dst Port: 443, Seq: 503, Ack: 4541, Len: 0

- Source Port: 56598
- Destination Port: 443
- [Stream index: 14]
- [TCP Segment Len: 0]
- Sequence number: 503 (relative sequence number)
- Acknowledgment number: 4541 (relative ack number)
- Header Length: 32 bytes
- ▶ Flags: 0x010 (ACK)
- Window size value: 319
- [Calculated window size: 40832]
- [Window size scaling factor: 128]
- Checksum: 0xcb4c [unverified]
- [Checksum Status: Unverified]
- Urgent pointer: 0
- ▶ Options: (12 bytes), No-Operation (NOP), No-Operation (NOP), Timestamps
- ▶ [SEQ/ACK analysis]

0000 b2 d2 81 14 6f ed 00 16 3e 99 dc 02 08 00 45 00 ...o...>.....E.
0010 00 34 d5 3e 40 00 40 06 9a 5f 0a 14 1e 14 d8 3a .4.>@.@. _.....
0020 ca c3 dd 16 01 bb da f5 63 8c fb bd 71 56 80 10C...qV..
0030 01 3f cb 4c 00 00 01 01 08 0a 65 4e 64 a4 c6 53 .?.L....eNd..S
0040 36 e8 6.

No.: 185 · Time: 5.716049380 · Source: 10.20.30.20 · Destination: 216.58.202.195 · Protoc...nfo: 56598 → 443 [ACK] Seq=503 Ack=4541 Win=40832 Len=0 TSval=1699636388 TSecr=3327342312

Close Help

ens3: <live capture in progress> Packets: 1817 · Displayed: 1817 (100.0%) Profile: Default

Analizando pacotes

The screenshot displays a network capture in Wireshark. The main pane shows a list of captured packets. The first three packets are highlighted in red, representing the TCP 3-way handshake:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000000	10.20.30.20	143.106.10.174	TCP	74	45420 → 80 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3993873114 TSecr=0 WS=128
2	0.015429098	143.106.10.174	10.20.30.20	TCP	74	80 → 45420 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5792 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=2518504682 TSecr=3993874369
3	0.015470464	10.20.30.20	143.106.10.174	TCP	66	45420 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=29312 Len=0 TSval=3993873118 TSecr=2518504682

The packet details pane for the selected packet (No. 1) shows the following information:

- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 45420, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 0, Len: 0
- Source Port: 45420
- Destination Port: 80
- [Stream index: 0]
- [TCP Segment Len: 0]
- Sequence number: 0 (relative sequence number)
- Acknowledgment number: 0
- Header Length: 40 bytes
- Flags: 0x002 (SYN)
- Window size value: 29200
- [Calculated window size: 29200]
- Checksum: 0xc26e [unverified]
- [Checksum Status: Unverified]

The packet bytes pane shows the raw data of the packet, including the Ethernet II header, Internet Protocol Version 4 header, and the Transmission Control Protocol header.

On the right side of the screenshot, a diagram illustrates the TCP 3-way handshake process. It shows three vertical lines representing the source and destination hosts. The first line is labeled 'SYN' and has an arrow pointing to the second line. The second line is labeled 'SYN, ACK' and has an arrow pointing to the first line. The third line is labeled 'ACK' and has an arrow pointing to the second line.

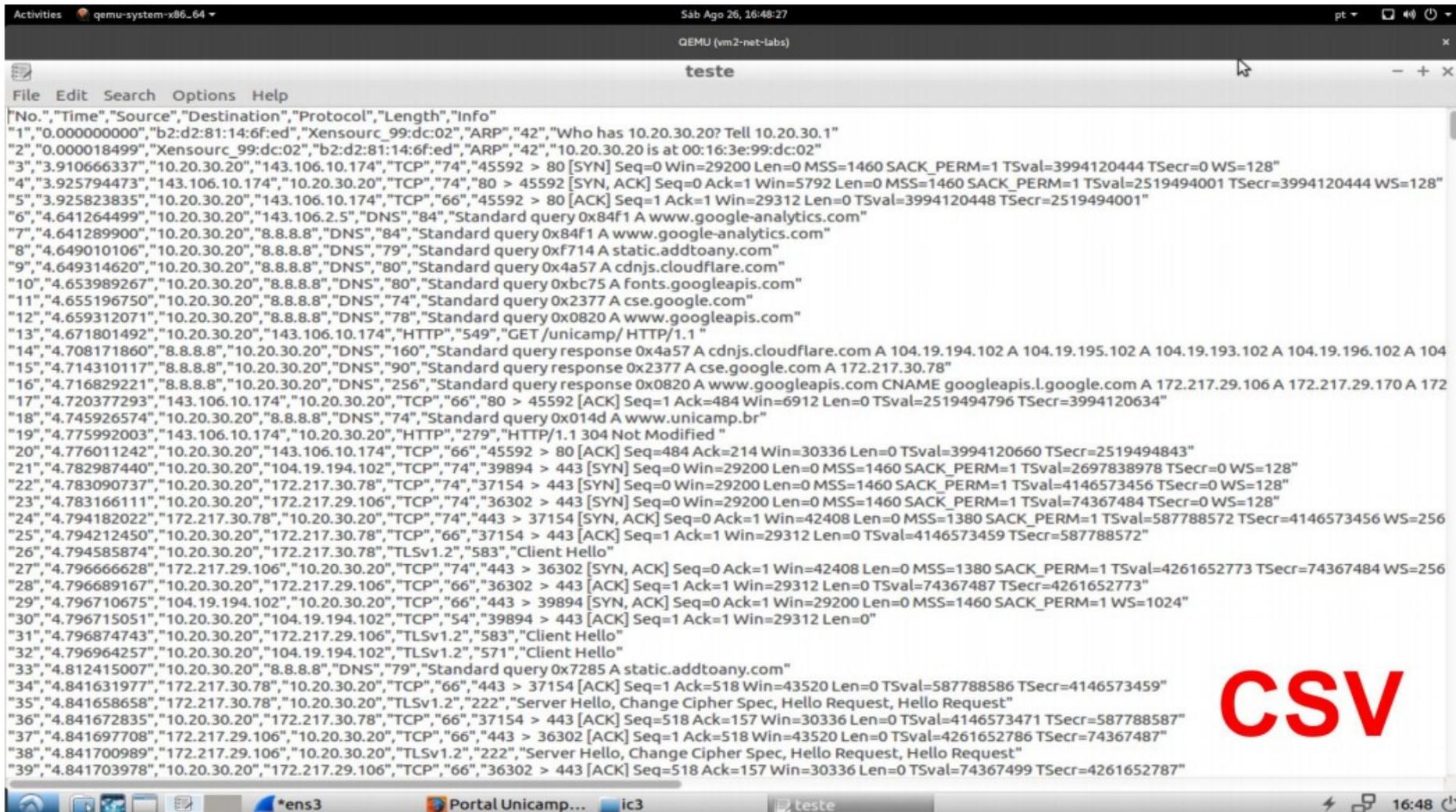
TCP 3-way handshake

Salvando e manipulando pacotes

The screenshot displays the Wireshark interface with the 'Export Packet Dissections' dialog box open. The dialog is configured to export the captured data as a CSV file. The 'File name' field is empty, and the 'Export As' dropdown is set to 'Comma Separated Values - summary (*.csv)'. The 'Packet Range' section has 'Displayed' selected, and 'All packets' is chosen. The 'Packet Format' section has 'Summary line' and 'Details' checked. The background shows a packet capture of a TCP stream with various protocols like Ethernet II, Internet Protocol, and Hypertext Transfer Protocol.

File > Export Packet Dissections... > As CSV...

Salvando e manipulando pacotes



The screenshot shows a QEMU virtual machine window titled "teste" with a network traffic capture displayed in CSV format. The capture includes various protocols such as ARP, SYN, ACK, DNS, and HTTP. A large red "CSV" watermark is overlaid on the bottom right of the window.

```
No.,"Time","Source","Destination","Protocol","Length","Info"
"1","0.000000000","b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed","Xensourc_99:dc:02","ARP","42","Who has 10.20.30.2? Tell 10.20.30.1"
"2","0.000018499","Xensourc_99:dc:02","b2:d2:81:14:6f:ed","ARP","42","10.20.30.2 is at 00:16:3e:99:dc:02"
"3","3.910666337","10.20.30.20","143.106.10.174","TCP","74","45592 > 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3994120444 TSecr=0 WS=128"
"4","3.925794473","143.106.10.174","10.20.30.20","TCP","74","80 > 45592 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5792 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=2519494001 TSecr=3994120444 WS=128"
"5","3.925823835","10.20.30.20","143.106.10.174","TCP","66","45592 > 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=29312 Len=0 TSval=3994120448 TSecr=2519494001"
"6","4.641264499","10.20.30.20","143.106.2.5","DNS","84","Standard query 0x84f1 A www.google-analytics.com"
"7","4.641289900","10.20.30.20","8.8.8.8","DNS","84","Standard query 0x84f1 A www.google-analytics.com"
"8","4.649010106","10.20.30.20","8.8.8.8","DNS","79","Standard query 0xf714 A static.addtoany.com"
"9","4.649314620","10.20.30.20","8.8.8.8","DNS","80","Standard query 0x4a57 A cdnjs.cloudflare.com"
"10","4.653989267","10.20.30.20","8.8.8.8","DNS","80","Standard query 0xbc75 A fonts.googleapis.com"
"11","4.655196750","10.20.30.20","8.8.8.8","DNS","74","Standard query 0x2377 A cse.google.com"
"12","4.659312071","10.20.30.20","8.8.8.8","DNS","78","Standard query 0x0820 A www.googleapis.com"
"13","4.671801492","10.20.30.20","143.106.10.174","HTTP","549","GET /unicamp/ HTTP/1.1"
"14","4.708171860","8.8.8.8","10.20.30.20","DNS","160","Standard query response 0x4a57 A cdnjs.cloudflare.com A 104.19.194.102 A 104.19.195.102 A 104.19.193.102 A 104.19.196.102 A 104"
"15","4.714310117","8.8.8.8","10.20.30.20","DNS","90","Standard query response 0x2377 A cse.google.com A 172.217.30.78"
"16","4.716829221","8.8.8.8","10.20.30.20","DNS","256","Standard query response 0x0820 A www.googleapis.com CNAME googleapis.l.google.com A 172.217.29.106 A 172.217.29.170 A 172"
"17","4.720377293","143.106.10.174","10.20.30.20","TCP","66","80 > 45592 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=484 Win=6912 Len=0 TSval=2519494796 TSecr=3994120634"
"18","4.745926574","10.20.30.20","8.8.8.8","DNS","74","Standard query 0x014d A www.unicamp.br"
"19","4.775992003","143.106.10.174","10.20.30.20","HTTP","279","HTTP/1.1 304 Not Modified"
"20","4.776011242","10.20.30.20","143.106.10.174","TCP","66","45592 > 80 [ACK] Seq=484 Ack=214 Win=30336 Len=0 TSval=3994120660 TSecr=2519494843"
"21","4.782987440","10.20.30.20","104.19.194.102","TCP","74","39894 > 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=2697838978 TSecr=0 WS=128"
"22","4.783090737","10.20.30.20","172.217.30.78","TCP","74","37154 > 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=4146573456 TSecr=0 WS=128"
"23","4.783166111","10.20.30.20","172.217.29.106","TCP","74","36302 > 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=74367484 TSecr=0 WS=128"
"24","4.794182022","172.217.30.78","10.20.30.20","TCP","74","443 > 37154 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=42408 Len=0 MSS=1380 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=587788572 TSecr=4146573456 WS=256"
"25","4.794212450","10.20.30.20","172.217.30.78","TCP","66","37154 > 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=29312 Len=0 TSval=4146573459 TSecr=587788572"
"26","4.794585874","10.20.30.20","172.217.30.78","TLSv1.2","583","Client Hello"
"27","4.796666628","172.217.29.106","10.20.30.20","TCP","74","443 > 36302 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=42408 Len=0 MSS=1380 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=4261652773 TSecr=74367484 WS=256"
"28","4.796689167","10.20.30.20","172.217.29.106","TCP","66","36302 > 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=29312 Len=0 TSval=74367487 TSecr=4261652773"
"29","4.796710675","104.19.194.102","10.20.30.20","TCP","66","443 > 39894 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 WS=1024"
"30","4.796715051","10.20.30.20","104.19.194.102","TCP","54","39894 > 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=29312 Len=0"
"31","4.796874743","10.20.30.20","172.217.29.106","TLSv1.2","583","Client Hello"
"32","4.796964257","10.20.30.20","104.19.194.102","TLSv1.2","571","Client Hello"
"33","4.812415007","10.20.30.20","8.8.8.8","DNS","79","Standard query 0x7285 A static.addtoany.com"
"34","4.841631977","172.217.30.78","10.20.30.20","TCP","66","443 > 37154 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=518 Win=43520 Len=0 TSval=587788586 TSecr=4146573459"
"35","4.841658658","172.217.30.78","10.20.30.20","TLSv1.2","222","Server Hello, Change Cipher Spec, Hello Request, Hello Request"
"36","4.841672835","10.20.30.20","172.217.30.78","TCP","66","37154 > 443 [ACK] Seq=518 Ack=157 Win=30336 Len=0 TSval=4146573471 TSecr=587788587"
"37","4.841697708","172.217.29.106","10.20.30.20","TCP","66","443 > 36302 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=518 Win=43520 Len=0 TSval=4261652786 TSecr=74367487"
"38","4.841700989","172.217.29.106","10.20.30.20","TLSv1.2","222","Server Hello, Change Cipher Spec, Hello Request, Hello Request"
"39","4.841703978","10.20.30.20","172.217.29.106","TCP","66","36302 > 443 [ACK] Seq=518 Ack=157 Win=30336 Len=0 TSval=74367499 TSecr=4261652787"
```

Filtrando pacotes

Exemplos:

- Capturar apenas tráfego de/para o IP 172.18.5.4
host 172.168.5.4
- Capturar tráfego de/para uma faixa de IPs
net 192.168.0.0/24
net 192.168.0.0 mask 255.255.255.0
- Capturar tráfego vindo de uma faixa de IPs
src net 192.168.0.0/24
src net 192.168.0.0 mask 255.255.255.0
- Dica: use Expression...

Filtrando pacotes

Exemplos:

- Capturar tráfego para uma faixa de IPs
 - `dst net 192.168.0.0/24`
 - `dst net 192.168.0.0 mask 255.255.255.0`
- Capturar apenas tráfego DNS (porta 53)
 - `port 53`
- Capturar tráfego não-HTTP e não-SMTP no seu servidor
 - `host www.example.com and not (port 80 or port 25)`
 - `host www.example.com and not port 80 and not port 25`
- Capturar tudo menos tráfego DNS e ARP
 - `port not 53 and not arp`

Filtrando pacotes

Exemplos:

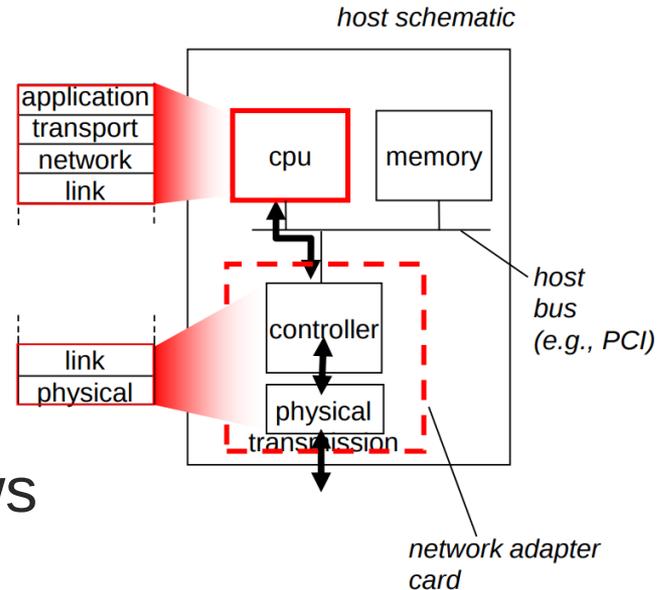
- Capturar tráfego dentro de uma faixa de portas
(tcp[2:2] > 1500 and tcp[2:2] < 1550) or (tcp[4:2] > 1500 and tcp[4:2] < 1550)
tcp portrange 1501-1549
- Capturar apenas o tipo EAPOL de Ethernet
ether proto 0x888e
- Capturar apenas tráfego IP
ip
- Capturar apenas tráfego unicast
not broadcast and not multicast
(útil para limpar o ruído da rede se você quer apenas visualizar o tráfego de e para sua máquina)

TCPDump

TCPDump

Sniffer – analisador de tráfego

- Baseado na API libpcap
- Disponível para Unix-like,
- WinDump versão para Windows
- Outro sniffer: Wireshark



TCPDump

Filtros

- tcpdump host 10.90.100.1
- tcpdump src host 10.90.100.1
- tcpdump dst host 10.90.100.1
- tcpdump port <port number>
- tcpdump src port 80
- tcpdump dst port 80
- Filtering on a tcp flag
 - tcpdump 'tcp[tcpflags] & (tcp-syn) != 0'
 - tcpdump 'tcp[tcpflags] & (tcp-rst) != 0'

TCPDump

Combinando Expressões

- Operador AND
 - `tcpdump host 10.90.100.1 and port 80`
 - `tcpdump src host 172.16.101.20 and dst port 80`
 - `tcpdump src host 172.16.101.20 and dst host 10.90.100.1`

- Salvando saída em arquivo (pode ser visualizado no wireshark)
 - `tcpdump -w /tmp/saida.pcap`

- Escolhendo a interface para sniffer
 - `tcpdump -i any`
 - `tcpdump -i eth0`

TCPDump

```
Mate Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[root@mc833 ~]# tcpdump -i any -nnn udp
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on any, link-type LINUX_SLL (Linux cooked), capture size 262144 bytes
16:01:18.924249 IP 143.106.16.156.39552 > 185.184.223.223.123: NTPv4, Client, length 48
16:01:18.927792 IP 185.184.223.223.123 > 143.106.16.156.39552: NTPv4, Server, length 48
16:01:22.764110 IP 127.0.0.1.39499 > 127.0.0.1.39499: UDP, length 1
16:01:22.764140 IP6 ::1.58022 > ::1.58022: UDP, length 1
16:01:22.764181 IP 143.106.16.156.40353 > 143.106.16.144.53: 44345+ [1au] A? www.uol.com.br. (55)
16:01:22.769435 IP 143.106.16.144.53 > 143.106.16.156.40353: 44345 1/3/4 A 200.147.3.149 (170)
16:01:25.826743 IP 143.106.16.156.48302 > 143.106.16.144.53: 20708+ A? webmail2.ic.unicamp.br. (40)
16:01:25.827090 IP 143.106.16.144.53 > 143.106.16.156.48302: 20708* 2/3/6 CNAME guanabara.ic.unicamp.br., A 143.106.7.44 (276)
^C
8 packets captured
10 packets received by filter
0 packets dropped by kernel
[root@mc833 ~]#
```